

# **Understanding Anxiety in Children**



Presentation notes from your Guidance Officer Louissa Chalk and Student Wellbeing Psychologist Greta Stuart

### What is anxiety?

- Anxiety is the body's natural way of preparing for danger it keeps us safe.
- It's common and normal to feel anxious sometimes.
- Anxiety has physical, mental, and behavioural parts.
- Anxiety can help us, but the goal is to learn to manage it.

## When is anxiety a problem?

- Anxiety becomes a problem when it causes frequent distress or stops your child from doing everyday activities.
- Sometimes anxiety is mild (sub-clinical) but still affects your child's wellbeing.
- A diagnosis is only made when anxiety is intense, persistent, and interferes significantly.

### Why does anxiety happen?

- Anxiety can come from a mix of:
  - 1. Genetics and temperament
  - 2. Stressful or traumatic events
  - 3. Learned behaviours

### Signs of anxiety in children

- Avoiding school or certain activities
- Negative self-talk
- Feeling 'worry sick' or physically unwell
- Difficulty with friendships
- Fear of making mistakes or speaking in front of others

# **Practical Strategies for Supporting Your Child**

## Be caring and curious

- Give your child space to share their worries.
- Validate their feelings: "I can see why you're worried about the school camp."
- Avoid giving too much reassurance like "That won't happen." Instead, remind them of their strengths and coping skills.

#### Help your child learn to calm their body

- Breathing exercises
- Progressive muscle relaxation
- Helpful apps: Smiling Mind, Calm, Balance, Headspace

### Things that always help

- Regular sleep, meals, play, and physical activity help manage anxiety.
- Modelling good coping share your own worries and how you manage them.

## Prepare for setbacks

- Anxiety might get worse before it gets better when routines change.
- Stay calm, consistent, and supportive.

## **Resources and Support**

## School support

Graceville teaching and support staff are here to assist and support your child if they experience anxiety.

### Professional diagnosis and support

A trained health professional is needed to diagnose an anxiety disorder. Your GP can refer you to a paediatrician, psychologist, or other mental health clinician.

#### Helpful tools and services

- <u>The Brave Program</u>: An interactive online program aimed at 8–12 year olds to help them overcome worries and learn coping strategies.
- <u>Fear-Less Triple P Online Course</u>: A toolkit to help your child manage anxiety and become more emotionally resilient.
- <u>Cool Kids Program</u>: An interactive online program aimed at 7–12 year olds to help them overcome anxiety and build confidence.
- <u>The Beyond Blue Child Mental Health Checklist</u>: A general tool to check your child's symptoms and whether to get professional help.
- <u>Kids Help Line</u>: A free, confidential 24/7 online and phone counselling service for young people.
- <u>Smiling Mind Kids Care Packages</u>: A series of calming activities and audio recordings for children based on mindfulness meditation.
- Mental health and wellbeing toolkit: Advice to support student mental health and wellbeing, aimed at students, parents and caregivers, and schools.
- <u>Parentline</u>: A free phone counselling service where you can discuss parenting challenges and get support
- RaisingChildren.net.au: free, reliable, up-to-date and independent information.
- Emerging Minds: helpful articles on child mental health

### **Contact Us**

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